

Section 6.4

5. a) Find the average value of f on the given interval.

$$f(x) = (x-3)^2 ; [2, 5]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average value} &= \frac{1}{5-2} \int_2^5 (x-3)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} (x-3)^3 \Big|_2^5 \\ &= \frac{1}{9} [(5-3)^3 - (2-3)^3] = \frac{1}{9} (8 - (-1)) = 1.\end{aligned}$$

- b) Find c such that $f_{ave} = f(c)$

$$f_{ave} = 1 = f(c) = (c-3)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pm 1 = c-3 \Rightarrow c = 4 \text{ or } c = 2$$

- c) sketch the graph of f & a rectangle whose area is the same as the area under the graph of f .

