

LECTURE 19: DIFFERENTIALS AND CONSTRAINED DIFFERENTIALS

— (212-219 of 2020 LECTURES NOTES) —

$$xy^2z^3 = 1 \quad \text{👁}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(xy^2z^3) dx + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(xy^2z^3) dy + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(xy^2z^3) dz = 0$$

$$y^2z^3 dx + 2xy^2z^3 dy + 3xy^2z^2 dz = 0$$

took the differential of 👁

$$dz = \frac{-y^2z^3}{3xy^2z^2} dx - \frac{2xy^2z^3}{3xy^2z^2} dy$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)_y$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)_x$$

alert reader
x & y are
taken to be
independent

$$dx = \frac{-2xy^2z^3}{y^2z^3} dy - \frac{3xy^2z^2}{y^2z^3} dz$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}\right)_y$$

← using y & z
as independent

$$V_f = V_o + at$$