

NAME _____

MATH 101: FALL 2020

TEST 3

You are allowed one page of notes and a calculator. No phones. More than 150pts to earn. Box your answers for full credit and show work. Thanks!

Problem 1: (10pts) Find domain in interval notation for $f(x) = \frac{2x+13}{x-6}$

$$x \neq 6 \text{ for } f(x) = \frac{2x+13}{x-6} \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$\text{dom}(f(x)) = (-\infty, 6) \cup (6, \infty)$$

Problem 2: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{16x^{99}}{2x^{11}} = 8x^{99-11} = \boxed{8x^{88}}$

Problem 3: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{\frac{1}{x}-7}{\frac{1}{x}+2} = \frac{x(\frac{1}{x}-7)}{x(\frac{1}{x}+2)} = \boxed{\frac{1-7x}{1+2x}}$

Problem 4: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{x^2}{5x+20} \cdot \frac{7x+28}{x^3} = \frac{x^2 (7)(\cancel{x+4})}{5(\cancel{x+4})x^3}$

$$= \frac{7x^2}{5x^3}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{7}{5x}}$$

Problem 5: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{x^2-16}{x^2+3x+2} \cdot \frac{x^2-4}{x-4}$

$$\left(\frac{x^2-16}{x^2+3x+2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2-4}{x-4}\right) = \frac{(\cancel{x-4})(x+4)(x-2)(\cancel{x+2})}{(x+1)(\cancel{x+2})(\cancel{x-4})}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{(x+4)(x-2)}{x+1}} = \boxed{\frac{x^2+2x-8}{x+1}}$$

Problem 6: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{10x^2 + 20x^5 - 10x^6}{2x^2}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{10x^2 + 20x^5 - 10x^6}{2x^2} &= \frac{10x^2}{2x^2} + \frac{20x^5}{2x^2} - \frac{10x^6}{2x^2} \\ &= \boxed{5 + 10x^3 - 5x^4}\end{aligned}$$

Problem 7: (10pts) Simplify $\frac{8a^2}{16a^5 - 24a^3 + 8a^2}$

$$\frac{8a^2}{16a^5 - 24a^3 + 8a^2} = \frac{\cancel{8a^2}}{\cancel{8a^2}(2a^3 - 3a + 1)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2a^3 - 3a + 1}}$$

Problem 8: (10pts) Simplify $\sqrt[3]{-8x^{15}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[3]{-8x^{15}} &= \sqrt[3]{-1} \sqrt[3]{8} \sqrt[3]{x^{15}} \\ &= (-1)(2) x^{15/3} \\ &= \boxed{-2x^5}\end{aligned}$$

Problem 9: (10pts) Rewrite the expression as to rationalize the denominator: $\frac{46}{7+\sqrt{3}}$

$$\frac{46}{7+\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{7-\sqrt{3}}{7-\sqrt{3}} \right) = \frac{46(7-\sqrt{3})}{49 - \cancel{7\sqrt{3}} + \cancel{7\sqrt{3}} - 3} = \frac{46(7-\sqrt{3})}{46} = \boxed{7-\sqrt{3}}$$

Problem 10: (10pts) Find the Cartesian form of the complex number $\frac{20}{1+3i}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{20}{1+3i} &= \left(\frac{20}{1+3i} \right) \left(\frac{1-3i}{1-3i} \right) = \frac{20(1-3i)}{1-3i+3i-(3i)^2} = \frac{20(1-3i)}{10} \\ &= 2(1-3i) \\ &= \boxed{2-6i} \end{aligned}$$

$(3i)^2 = 9i^2 = -9$

Problem 11: (15pts) Solve $\frac{x}{5} - \frac{x}{7} = 4$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{7x-5x}{35} &= 4 \\ 2x &= 4(35) \\ x &= 2(35) \\ &= \boxed{70} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: (15pts) Solve $\frac{x+3}{x+1} = \frac{5}{3}$.

$$3(x+3) = 5(x+1)$$

$$3x + 9 = 5x + 5$$

$$4 = 2x$$

$$\boxed{x = 2}$$

Problem 13: (15pts) Solve $\sqrt{x+7} - 2 = 5$.

$$(\sqrt{x+7})^2 = (7)^2$$

$$x+7 = 49$$

$$\boxed{x = 42}$$

(check it, $\sqrt{42+7} - 2 = \sqrt{49} - 2 = 7 - 2 = 5$)

Problem 14: (15pts) Solve $x = 7 + \sqrt{x-5}$.

$$x-7 = \sqrt{x-5}$$

$$(x-7)^2 = (\sqrt{x-5})^2$$

$$x^2 - 14x + 49 = x - 5$$

$$x^2 - 15x + 54 = 0$$

$$(x-9)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x=6 \text{ or } x=9$$

However,

$$6-7 = -1 \neq \sqrt{6-5}$$

whereas,

$$9-7 = \sqrt{9-5}$$

$$2 = 2$$

$$\therefore \boxed{x=9}$$

$$x^2 - 13x + 54 = 0$$

$$\left(x - \frac{13}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{169}{4} + \frac{54(4)}{4} = 0$$

$$\left(x - \frac{13}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{169 - 216}{4} < 0$$

~~\Rightarrow No REAL SOLUTIONS~~

OOPS!

Well... the cost of one arithmetic mistake...