

Same instructions as Mission 1. Thanks !

Problem 97 Find a fractional linear transformation T which:

- (a.) carries the circle $|z| = 1$ onto the line $\operatorname{Re}((1+i)w) = 0$,
- (b.) carries the circle $|z| = 1$ onto the circle $|w - 1| = 1$,
- (c.) maps the circle $|z - z_0| = r$ onto the circle $|w| = 1$,

Problem 98 Find a fractional linear transformation T which is subject the following conditions:

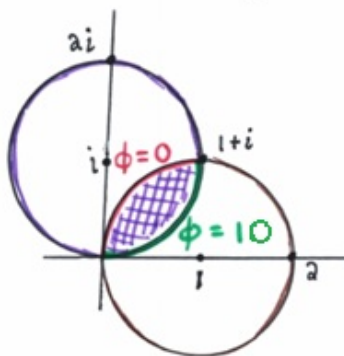
- (a.) $T(0) = 0$, $T(1) = 1$ and $T(i) = \infty$,
- (b.) T maps the real axis to itself and the imaginary axis onto the circle $|w - \frac{5}{4}| = \frac{3}{4}$
- (c.) T maps the real axis to itself and the line $y = x$ onto the circle $|w + i| = \sqrt{2}$.

Problem 99 Find a solution to Laplace's equation on the annulus bounded by a radius 1 circle C_1 containing $1, i$ and a radius 2 circle C_2 containing $1 - i, -1 + i$. In particular, solve the boundary value problem $\phi_{xx} + \phi_{yy} = 0$ by finding solution ϕ for which $\phi(z) = 0$ for each $z \in C_1$ and $\phi(z) = 10$ for each $z \in C_2$. Also, calculate the value of your solution at $z = 0$.

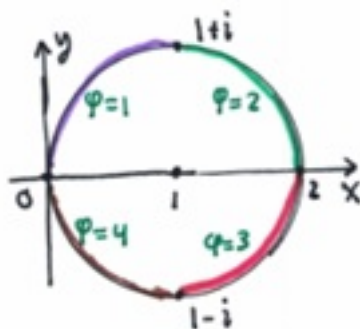
Problem 100 Solve Laplace's equation on the unit-disk subject to the boundary condition $\phi(z) = 1$ for $|z| = 1$ with $\operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$ and $\phi(z) = -1$ for $|z| = 1$ with $\operatorname{Re}(z) < 0$. In other words, find the solution of Laplace's equation with value 1 on the right half unit-circle and value -1 on the left half unit-circle.

Problem 101 Let R be the annular region with center $1 + i$ which is bounded by two circles. The inner circle has points 1 and i . The real and imaginary axes are tangent to the inner circle. The outside circle has the points $1 - i$ and $1 + i$. Solve Laplace's equation with boundary conditions $\phi = 10$ on the outside circle and $\phi = 0$ on the inside circle.

Problem 102 Solve Laplace's Equation on the lens-shaped region bounded by radius one circles centered at i and 1 . You're given that $\phi = 0$ on the circle centered at i and $\phi = 10$ on the circle centered at 1 .



Problem 103 Solve Laplace's Equation on the region below by exploiting the conformal mapping technique to the upper-half plane where there is a known solution for Laplace's equation with finite values specified on the real axis.



Problem 104 Find the Fourier transform and verify the inversion formula for $F(t) = \frac{1}{t^2+9}$.

Problem 105 This problem, borrowed from Saff and Snider, shows how Fourier transforms can be used to solve PDEs. You can assume differentiation commutes with integration here.

If $f(x)$ is a given function whose Fourier transform is $G(\omega)$, show that the function

$$u(x, t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} G(\omega) e^{i\omega x} \cos \omega t \, d\omega$$

solves the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u(x, t)}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u(x, t)}{\partial t^2}$$

and the initial conditions

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, 0) &= f(x) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

for $t > 0$ and $-\infty < x < \infty$. [These equations govern the motion of an infinite taut string initially displaced to the configuration $u = f(x)$ and released at $t = 0$.]

Problem 106 Let $a(n)$ be formed by the digits of π in the sense that $a(n) = 0$ for all $n < 0$ and $a(0) = 3, a(1) = 1, a(2) = 4, a(3) = 1, \dots$. Determine the domain of definition for the z -transform.

Problem 107 Let $A(z)$ be the z -transform of the sequence $\{a(n) \mid -\infty < n < \infty\}$ in the annulus $a < |z| < b$. Show that the z -transform of the shifted sequence $\{b(n) = a(n+1) \mid -\infty < n < \infty\}$ is given by $zA(z)$. Also, conjecture what the z -transform for $\{c(n) = a(n+N) \mid -\infty < n < \infty\}$ is for any $N \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Problem 108 Find the Hilbert transform of $\frac{a}{a^2 + x^2}$ where $a > 0$.